

REVIEW PROBLEMS FOR SOLUTIONS

1. For each pair below decide if a solution is likely to form or not and explain briefly why or why not:
 1. $\text{H}_2\text{O} (\text{l})$ and $\text{Na}_3\text{PO}_4 (\text{s})$
 2. $\text{N}_2 (\text{g})$ and $\text{H}_2\text{O} (\text{l})$
 3. $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3 (\text{l})$ and $\text{C}_6\text{H}_6 (\text{s})$
 4. $\text{H}_2\text{O} (\text{l})$ and $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3 (\text{l})$
2. How many grams of potassium sulfate are needed to make 250.0 mL of a 0.155 M solution?
3. Explain why the boiling point of a 0.5 M CaCl_2 solution is higher than the boiling point of pure water.
4. Explain what happens step-by-step when the following materials are mixed with water and why: MgSO_4 ; Gasoline (C_8H_{18})
5. How many mL of 0.344 M BaCl_2 are needed to react to provide 5.50 g of silver chloride based on the unbalanced equation below:
$$\text{BaCl}_2 (\text{aq}) + \text{AgNO}_3 (\text{aq}) \longrightarrow \text{AgCl} (\text{s}) + \text{Ba}(\text{NO}_3)_2 (\text{aq})$$
6. Indicate whether each of the following statements is true or false. If it is false, explain why. (6)
 - a. If you stir magnesium acetate as you are dissolving it in water you can increase its solubility.
 - b. A 100 mL of 22% solution of NaCl contains the same number of moles as 100 mL of 22% solution of NaF .
 - c. In solutions, like dissolves like.
7. What is the molarity of a solution that contains 3.65 g of acetic acid in 450 mL of solution? What is the g/v% of the same solution?

Answers:

1. a = yes, b = no, c = yes, d = no
2. 6.76 g
5. 55.7 mL
7. 0.135M, 0.811%