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1	STATE OF MINNESOTA	DISTRICT COURT
2	COUNTY OF DAKOTA	FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT
3	In Re: Estate of	File No. P8-87-23090
5	JANE D. DUCHENE, Deceased.	HEARING
7	The above-entitled matter came	on before
8	Martin J. Mansur, Judge of District	Court, at the Dakota
9	County Judicial Center, Hastings, M	innesota, on Monday,
10	April 26, 1993.	
11	APPEARAN	CES
12	Edmund C. Meisinger, appeared	pro se as the Personal
13	Representative.	
14	Mary Jane Duchene appeared in	person and pro se.
15	Jack D. Elmquist, Attorney at	Law, appeared on
16	behalf of the Intervener, St. Paul	Fire and Marine Insurance
17	Company.	
18	Richard D. Hendrickson, Attorn	ey at Law, appeared on
19	behalf of Bessie Krause, Personal R	epresentative in the
20	Estate of Roger Krause.	
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determined to be relevant to the issue here, and he answered all of those questions in a manner that would be contrary to your position and would not get for you --

MS. DUCHENE: If he does that, well, that's fine if he does.

THE COURT: Does that end this case?

MS. DUCHENE: If Dr. Plunkett is prepared to stand up and say that taking away insulin from someone that is insulin dependent and has been insulin dependent for ten years doesn't kill them, if he's prepared to publicly state that, as someone who's been through extensive medical training, for all the world to hear, that's just fine.

THE COURT: I'm not a medical man,

Ms. Duchene, but I think even a layman would know that

you can't deprive anyone from insulin, you know, from -
and who has been previously determined to be dependent

on that.

MS. DUCHENE: Yes.

THE COURT: So I don't think he's prepared -I don't think he would be prepared to make that kind of
statement. And we -- And assuming if in his testimony
he were to say that, in his opinion, her death was
caused by deprivation of insulin at regular intervals,

wanted him here, we can call him and he can come right out.

THE COURT: We get involved in these in criminal matters when the two lawyers continue to -- agree to continue the matter. And the only person that can continue the matter is the judge. And maybe if we would have told Dr. Plunkett that he has to appear before the Court and get the subpoena quashed, he would be here right now and my time would be better spent.

I have said in my decisions, and I believe one of things you stated, Ms. Duchene: Number one, I don't think I've ever stated, at least to my recollection, anything about the cause of death of your mother. What I indicated previously, and it continues to be my position today, and that is, your mother's death from whatever cause is not a proper subject matter in this proceeding. This proceeding deals with your mother's Estate at the time that she died.

MS. DUCHENE: May I explain why I -THE COURT: Hold one minute.

All right. Now, if I thought for one minute that we could put this matter to rest, what you're looking for, as I understand this, is a forum, somehow, where you could ask Dr. Plunkett under oath for his opinions as to what he previously stated or what he will state

now and get that out from him?

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MS. DUCHENE: Can I -- can I answer that? can't answer all those questions because I can't remember them all. Where I'm at, Dr. Plunkett -- I pa Dr. Plunkett \$500 to do a private autopsy. This autop ended up being done on an embalmed body. The body was embalmed one day after death. Not 72 hours later. day after death. Through medical records, I incontrovertibly know that my mother developed a case insulin deficiency. What I am -- I believe the cause death is very pertinent to this, because I believe my mother was deliberately murdered so that the parties i this, including Bessie Krause who was actually at the nursing home two days before my mother's dying, allegedly to talk to a woman who was comatose, stating that she -- my mother was allegedly saying that she hoped Bessie -- Roger had written a Will so that Bessi would be okay.

I -- I consider this to be -- Mrs. Krause, and the is her deposition, those are her words. Basically. I consider this to be a horrendous crime, and I think it very intentional. I think it's done in collusion, and have massive records that show this. It is not a simp matter. It's a very complicated matter. But I certainly believe that Dr. Plunkett believes my mother

was murdered. The legal principle I'm stating or relying on is a very simple one: One cannot profit fr a crime. I've said this in motion -- several motions.

I'm sorry if I have -- I have upset you by not coming

THE COURT: You haven't upset me. I'm here every day. Okay.

MS. DUCHENE: Or that you feel I should have appeared. I've been at a disadvantage. And I realize that all the legal things that are continuing in this court is costing the Estate money, and I have tried to minimize this.

Senator Wellstone is at this time writing to Jane Reno to have this case reopened federally. Because there's also the issue that there is the person who my mother's death needed to be reported to, was a Dakota County vulnerable adult worker who was writing peculia: memorandum one week after her insulin was taken away, who was in constant contact with the nurses, who was it constant contact with Dr. Corbett.

So these are very odd circumstances. And I need know -- I mean, morally, I just cannot -- I -- I need know certainly what Dr. Plunkett's position is. He is medical examiner. I believe he knows logically. I think he has a logical mind. He knows, as well as I dethat any insulin dependent diabetic who has their

insulin taken away or is sufficiently undiagnosed would die without help, which could have been prevented at an point. That's very easy to rectify. You just go to th hospital, have sufficient insulin restored, you have fluids restored, and you're back to square one.

And I believe I need a definite statement from him one way or the other that -- This death certificate hasn't been signed. He makes no statement what this is The only person who signed it is the doctor who took he insulin away, so I think it's very pertinent. I believe the law is on my side in that this is very pertinent to this probate -- This whole probate proceeding has been an attempt to profit from crime.

THE COURT: Well, let's assume that -- if I'm tracking you correctly, you believe that through Dr. Plunkett you would hope to establish that your mother's death was caused by external means, either person or persons?

MS. DUCHENE: Mm-hmm (Yes).

THE COURT: Through either the failure to administer or through the administration of certain drugs?

MS. DUCHENE: Yes.

THE COURT: And that if you got -- you know, if you got to that stage of these proceedings and got to

the theory of probability that this would have occurre 1 if I understand your -- your representation to me, the 2 you would then want to be able to go one step further, 3 and that is, to establish that your uncle's Estate, th would be your -- that would be --5 6

MR. HENDRICKSON: Roger Krause.

MR. MEISINGER: Roger Krause.

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MS. DUCHENE: I don't think this has much to I'm not after that Estate. do with that Estate.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, if we're not going i be able to tie in any conduct on the part of either Bessie Krause or her husband that would have hastened your mother's death, then --

MS. DUCHENE: But there is conduct. There is evidence of conduct connected to -- Bessie Krause was m mother's medical guardian at the time this occurred.

THE COURT: All right. And so you see the -you have to put the pieces together.

MS. DUCHENE: Mm-hmm (Yes).

THE COURT: Assuming Dr. Plunkett gets you to first base, you then have to have some probative evidence that allows for the State to charge somebody with the commission of a crime because, obviously, no one can profit from their misdeeds. And then if there is a successful prosecution, then those persons who

would ordinarily receive from your mother's Estate wou be precluded from receiving by reason of their wrongfu conduct.

MS. DUCHENE: Yes, there is, and -THE COURT: Now, Bessie Krause is not a dire
-- does not directly inherit from your mother. She
inherits because she survived her husband.

MS. DUCHENE: And the Will was written only one week after my mother's death. We -- I believe that the only assets in this -- There has never been an accounting of what is in the Krause Estate. I believe -- And I think that it's very pertinent Bessie Krause refused to provide any financial records in her deposition. I believe there's nothing in that Estate except this Estate -- what's coming from this Estate, which, of course, now is becoming a redundancy.

THE COURT: Well, that matter's a public record in Hennepin County. I mean, the inventory in t late Mr. Krause's Estate, that's a matter of public record.

MS. DUCHENE: Yes. And that's what's in thi Estate. The assets from this Estate are the only thin in that -- in this Estate.

THE COURT: Well, the only thing that would is subject to probate would be whatever he -- whatever he

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owned at the time of his death in his name only. So, obviously, since the Will provided a bequest to him and not to him and Bessie Krause, that would be a probate asset in his Estate. Now, all the other property that they owned or acquired was held in joint tenancy. That would not be part of that probate.

MS. DUCHENE: Yes, the Will was created specifically to profit from this Estate. Because Roge: Krause died and was predictably going to die and did, : fact, die on February 1st, 1987.

THE COURT: Which Will was prepared to profit from this Estate?

MS. DUCHENE: Roger Krause's Will.

THE COURT: Mm-hmm (Yes).

MS. DUCHENE: It was prepared one week after my mother's death.

THE COURT: But that's a proceeding for the Hennepin County Court, not us. I don't have any jurisdiction over his Will.

MS. DUCHENE: I think we're getting away from the point. I do have evidence that Bessie Krause was involved with her husband, indirectly, in this. Yes, would involve several -- It would be very complex, the civil part of it.

THE COURT: As I've indicated previously to

and you haven't been able to convince them.

MS. DUCHENE: There is no -- There's no signature on the death certificate. It's an open verdict. It says autopsy. Says there's no death certificate by Dr. Plunkett who performed an autopsy. Dr. Plunkett has been contacted quite a few times. I believe I'm entitled to an answer: Is this a first degree murder or not? Have you read these medical records or not?

THE COURT: Let me ask you this question.

Let's assume he were sitting here on the witness stand and you asked him that question and he said "no."

MS. DUCHENE: Fine. I will then go through
the -- the symptoms of diabetes. I think we have to
approach this logically. There has to be a
comprehensive report. There has -- whether it's orall
on the stand or written, but a death that's this
peculiar in a nursing home is something for every
citizen to be concerned about.

THE COURT: I guess my question is, that if you called Dr. Plunkett and you deposed him on this witness stand and you asked him the series of questions --

MS. DUCHENE: Mm-hmm (Yes).

THE COURT: -- that you have in your own mir

determined to be relevant to the issue here, and he answered all of those questions in a manner that would be contrary to your position and would not get for you --

MS. DUCHENE: If he does that, well, that's fine if he does.

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on that.

MS. DUCHENE: Yes.

THE COURT: So I don't think he's prepared -I don't think he would be prepared to make that kind of
statement. And we -- And assuming if in his testimony
he were to say that, in his opinion, her death was
caused by deprivation of insulin at regular intervals,

that still doesn't rise to a case of murder. It might rise to a case of medical malpractice or nurse malpractice.

MS. DUCHENE: Yes, it does, I believe, from reading the statute on what murder is, first degree murder. First degree murder does not involve a good reason for doing it.

THE COURT: Oh, no.

MS. DUCHENE: First degree murder is intentionally. That means you know what you're doing when you commit the act and that you do it and you continue to do it. And that is what I'm getting at. I'm going to be asking him as well as -- if he knows of any -- any internist around in the Twin Cities who are so likely not to be aware of this, including Dr. Corbett, and that's what I am getting at. And I can't secondguess, because I don't think anyone who's what Dr. Plunkett is going to be saying, I believe it's a -- I believe I have a right to call him and finalize these matters.

There are -- there are various actions by Bessie

Krause that are very, very suspicious in this. Even

before the insulin was taken away she was acting as -
in a sense, as by proxy, guardian, as her husband was

put in a nursing home. She was in the house letting i

out, taking -- putting tenants in there, doing all sor of things. She was a medical guardian, and in this matter she was a medical guardian, so I think this is very connected. I think we have to establish it at least when we establish whether this is an intentional act by Dr. Corbett, then we'll ask -- it will open I will be satisfied one way or the other something up. I mean, I just want to hear what he says. If he can explain this, I'm happy with that. If he can -- if he has some information about diabetes that I don't, I'll be happy with that. But I have looked systematically, and the reason that was given by the county was bogus. It was -- it looked feasible and plausible, but it is bogus.

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THE COURT: You are not telling me this afternoon -- We're getting wide afield. But the only reason I'm -- I'm allowing this dialogue to go on is I've indicated this Estate is six years old and -- and it's time that we bring it to a close.

MS. DUCHENE: And I assure you, Judge Mansur if I had had a very clear answer from Dr. Plunkett in 1988, this Estate would not still be going on.

THE COURT: But --

MS. DUCHENE: Judge, Dr. Murphy wrote a very reasonable answer and Dr. Murphy's a medical doctor.

Dr. Murphy is compelled by law when he finds somethir like this to report it to the authorities. Dr. Murph I think, has gone further than that. In his interest the case, he's -- he's a person who's disabled himsel He has artificial hips and so on. He's very, very concerned about medical ethics and these issues, and felt it was an extraordinarily horrific case, so he v -- went into a lot of interest in this. But he wrote two very sane letters to Dr. Plunkett, and if we had an answer, I think I'm entitled to an answer from the medical examiner, a sound rational answer.

THE COURT: You know, I suppose the simples thing would be to call Dr. Plunkett and tell him he's under subpoena and tell him to come up here, otherwis he's in violation of the Court Order. But I can also say I want something productive. I'm not protecting anyone. Like I said, I want to get this thing over with. And at the same time, I want you to leave this courtroom satisfied you had your day in court.

MS. DUCHENE: Would you like to see Senator Wellstone's letter?

THE COURT: I'm not interested in Senator Wellstone's letter or any other Senator, because that the Legislative branch of government and they don't d their ink in our wells and we don't dip our ink in th

wells.

THE COURT: I don't care if he's writing to President Clinton. He has no right to interfere with our court, but it has no relevancy to this.

MS. DUCHENE:

He's writing to Janet Reno.

MS. CHARLTON: As a matter of information,

Judge, apparently the doctor is available from between

now and 4 o'clock, if the Court wants to --

THE COURT: Well, I would like to have him come up here. Yeah.

MS. CHARLTON: Right now?

THE COURT: The interest that I'm -- I'm

getting at is that -- and that is, that with all due

respect to Dr. Murphy, who I don't know, and all of hi

writings, I'm governed by the Rules of Evidence.

They're not -- you know, they're not admissible. And

they aren't -- you know, they aren't to be used. I

can't rely on them, and the reason I can't rely on the

is not because he's not competent or may not be

competent, the reason I can't rely on them is I can't

accept opinion evidence where another party has not ha

the right to examine the author of that opinion.

MS. DUCHENE: Mm-hmm (Yes).

THE COURT: And those are ground in the rule that govern the conduct at trial. I guess the very

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MS. DUCHENE: Mm-hmm (Yes).

THE COURT: And those are ground in the rule that govern the conduct at trial. I guess the very