## **GRAHAM'S LAW OF EFFUSION**

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Graham's Law says that a gas will effuse at a rate that is inversely proportional to the square root of its molecular mass, MM. Expressed mathematically:

$$\frac{\text{rate}_{1}}{\text{rate}_{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{\text{MM}_{2}}{\text{MM}_{1}}}$$

Solve the following problems.

- Under the same conditions of temperature and pressure, how many times faster will hydrogen effuse compared to carbon dioxide?
- 2. If the carbon dioxide in Problem 1 takes 32 sec to effuse, how long will the hydrogen take?
- 3. What is the relative rate of diffusion of NH<sub>3</sub> compared to He? Does NH<sub>3</sub> effuse faster or slower than He?
- 4. If the He in Problem 3 takes 20 sec to effuse, how long will  $NH_3$  take?
- 5. An unknown gas diffuses 0.25 times as fast as He. What is the molecular mass of the unknown gas?