

## 8

**COVALENT BONDING****Practice Problems**

*In your notebook, solve the following problems.*

**SECTION 8.1 MOLECULAR COMPOUNDS**

- Classify each of the following as an atom or a molecule.
  - Be
  - CO<sub>2</sub>
  - N<sub>2</sub>
  - H<sub>2</sub>O
  - Ne
  - CO
- Which of the following are diatomic molecules?
  - CO<sub>2</sub>
  - N<sub>2</sub>
  - O<sub>2</sub>
  - H<sub>2</sub>O
- What types of elements tend to combine to form molecular compounds?
- What information does a molecule's molecular structure give?
- How do ionic compounds and molecular compounds differ in their relative melting and boiling points?

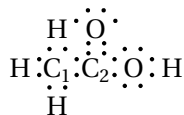
**SECTION 8.2 THE NATURE OF COVALENT BONDING**

- Draw the electron dot structure for hydrogen fluoride, HF.
- Draw the electron dot structure for phosphorus trifluoride, PF<sub>3</sub>.
- Draw the electron dot structure for nitrogen trichloride, NCl<sub>3</sub>.
- Draw the electron dot configuration for acetylene, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>.
- How many resonance structures can be drawn for CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup>? Show the electron dot structures for each.

**SECTION 8.3 BONDING THEORIES**

- Predict the shape and bond angle for the compound carbon tetrafluoride, CF<sub>4</sub>.
- Predict the shape and bond angle for phosphorus trifluoride, PF<sub>3</sub>.
- Predict the type of hybridized orbitals involved in the compound boron trichloride, BCl<sub>3</sub>.
- What types of hybrid orbitals are involved in the bonding of the silicon atoms in silicon tetrafluoride, SiF<sub>4</sub>?
- Predict the shape and bond angle of fluorine monoxide, F<sub>2</sub>O.

6. Predict the shape of the  $\text{CH}_2\text{CF}_2$  molecule. What hybridization is involved in the carbon-carbon bonds?
7. How many sigma and pi bonds are used by each of the carbon atoms in the following compound?



## SECTION 8.4 POLAR BONDS AND MOLECULES

- What type of bond—nonpolar covalent, polar covalent, or ionic—will form between each pair of atoms?
  - Na and O
  - O and O
  - P and O
- Explain why most chemical bonds would be classified as either polar covalent or ionic.
- Would you expect carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide to be polar or nonpolar molecules?
- Draw the structural formulas for each molecule and identify polar covalent bonds by assigning the slightly positive ( $\delta+$ ) and slightly negative ( $\delta-$ ) symbols to the appropriate atoms.
  - $\text{NH}_3$
  - $\text{CF}_3$
- Which would you expect to have the higher melting point,  $\text{CaO}$  or  $\text{CS}_2$ ?