Direct Command

veni huc, O serve

festinemus

nuntii mittantur

ne eum prohibeamus

noli scribere; ne scripseris

Come here, slave

Let us hasten

Let messengers be sent

Let us not prevent him

Do not write

Direct Question

cur illud dixisti?

unde venis?

ubi habitas

quis canem vidit?

quando profecti sunt?

regemne vidisti?

nonne pomas amas?

num eum odisti?

utrum Marcus an Quintus

illud templum aedificavit?

utrum Romae habitas annon?

Why did you say that?

Where do you come from?

Where do you live?

Who saw the dog?

When did they set out?

Did you see the king?

You like apples, don't you?

You don't hate him, do you?

Did M. or Q. build that temple?

Do you live in Rome or not?

Impersonal Verbs

licet vobis mecum ire

oportet servum statim venire

oportet te ire

miseret me pueri

taedet me itineris

pudet me tui

puduit nos haec dicere

hoc consulis interest

mihi necesse est laborare

nobis commodum est manere It suits us to stay

You may go with me

The slave must come now

You ought to go

I pity the boy

I am weary of the march

I am ashamed of you

We were ashamed to say this

This concerns the consul

I have to work

Verbs governing the Dative

Consuli parete

dic mihi Tell me

obsidi pepercit

He spared the hostage

Obey the Consul

transfugae credidi

I believed the deserter

Predicative Dative

hoc magno usui mihi est

haec res eis saluti fuit

corhortem auxilio ei mittit

This is of great use to me

This fact was their salvation

He sends a cohort to help him

Impersonal Passive

semper mihi paretur

non tibi creditur

acriter pugnatum est

I am always obeyed

You are not believed

There was fierce fighting

Past Participle and Ablative Absolute

nuntius captus interfectus est

The messenger, having been

captured, was killed.(The

messenger was captured and

killed)

nuntium captum interfecerunt

Having captured the messenger,

they killed him (They caught and

killed the messenger)

nuntio capto milites celeriter

redierunt

profecti prima luce Romam advenimus

Having captured the messenger,

the soldiers returned quickly

Having set out at dawn we reached

Rome.

Gerund and Gerundive

fortiter pugnando Romani hostes vicerunt By fighting bravely the Romans

catured the enemy

occasionem urbis capiendae amisit He lost the opportunity of capturing

the town. -

cupidus est vincendi Gallos He is desirous of conquering the

Gauls.

parcendo civibus amicitiam eorum

conciliavit

By sparing the citizens he won their

friendship.

mihi laborandum est I must work

nuntii civibus mittendi sunt Messengers must be sent to the

citizens.

dux iit ipse ad urbem oppugnandum The general went in person to

besiege the city

dux iit ipse urbis oppugnandae causa " " " "

Final (Purpose) Clauses

in urbe manet ut laboret He is staying in the city to work

in urbe mansit ne culparetur

He stayed in the city in order not to

be blamed.

domi mansit ne quis eum videret He stayed at home so that no one

should see him.

equites misit qui hostes sequerentur He sent horsemen to chase the

enemy.

scutum abiecit quo celerius fugeret He through away his shield in order

to flee more quickly.

legatos misit ad pacem petendam

legatos misit pacis petendae causa

venerunt veniam oratum

He sent legates to seek peace.

He sent legates to seek peace.

They came to beg for pardon

Consecutive (result) Clauses

tam celeriter cucurrit ut caderet

tam fortiter restiterunt ut non

vincerentur

tam celeriter effugit ut nemo eum

videret

He ran so quickly that he fell

They resisted so bravely that they

were not conquered

He escaped so quickly that no one

saw him

Indirect Command

dux militibus imperavit ut progrederentur The general ordered the soldiers to

advance.

puero persuasi ne abeat

I have persuaded the boy not to go.

dux imperavit ne quis procurreret

The general gave orders that no

one should run forward.

mulierem iussi fenestram aperire

I ordered the woman to open the

window

te ire veto

I forbid you to go (I order you not to

go).

Indirect Statement - Accusative and Infinitive - Reported Speech

dicit Romanos fortiter pugnare

He says the R. are fighting bravely.

dixit Romanos fortiter pugnare

He said the R. were fighting

bravely.

puto puellas venturas esse

I think the girls will come

dixit oppida captum iri

He said the towns would be

captured.

puto vos stultos esse

I think you are stupid.

dicit se oratorem audivisse

He says he heard the orator.

spero me cras iturum esse

I hope to go tomorrow.

pollicitus est se auxilium missurum esse He promised to send help.

negavit se ursam vidisse

He said he had not seen the bear.

Indirect Question

me rogaverunt quid facerem

puerum rogavi num hoc intellegeret

They asked me what I was doing.

I asked the boy whether he

understood this.

nescio quis hoc fecerit

cognovit quando auxilia ventura essent

I do not know who did this.

He found out when reinforcements

would come.

rogat utrum Graecus an Romanus sit

(rogat Graecusne an Romanus sit)

dic mihi utrum hoc intellegas necne

He asks whether he is a Greek or a

Roman.

Tell me whether you understand

this or not.

Antequam

vulneratus est antequam ad murum pervenit He was wounded before he

reached the wall

in collo ante considere constituerunt

quam hostes eum capere possent.

They decided to encamp on the

hill before the enemy could take it

<u>Postquam</u>

postquam pueri abierunt librum legi

After the boys had gone I read a

book.

Dum (meaning 'while')

dum castra ponimus hostes impetum

fecerunt

dum legaebamus scribebant

While we were pitching camp the

enemy made an attack.

While we were reading they wrote.

Dum (meaning 'until')

librum legebam dum meus filius rediit

domi manebo dum meus filius rediverit

I read a book until my son returned.

I shall stay at home until my son

returns.

in foro manserunt dum consul loqueretur They remained in the forum until

the consul should speak.

Cum (meaning 'when')

cum redivero omnia sciam

cum Athenis essem multas et pulchras

statuas videbam.

cum hoc audivisset domum contendit

When I return I shall know all.

When I was in Athens I saw many

beautiful statues.

When he heard this he hastened

home.

Cum (meaning 'whenever')

cum venerunt eos video

cum venerint eos videbo

cum venerant eos videbam

Whenever they come I see them

Whenever they come I shall see

them.

Whenever they came I used to see

them

Cum (all meanings)

1, 'as long as' -

cum Athenis habitabam miser eram

As long as I lived in Athens I was

wretched

2. 'inverse' cum -

ver appropinguabat cum dux ex hibernis Spring was approaching when the

progressus est

general advanced from winter

quarters.

3. 'since' -

quae cum ita sint pauca vobis respondebo Since this is so I will reply briefly

to you.

4. 'although' -

cum mentiaris tibi ignosco

Although you are lying I forgive you